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Extension of Time (EOT) Claims – Separating Fairy Tales from Facts

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Introduction

WHY DO A DELAY ANALYSIS?

Time is Money!

Delay analyses help Contractors, Owners, and Fact Finders (Court/Tribunal) determine:

- What happened on the Project?
- Who is responsible for the delays?
- Who will need to pay?

Satisfies the burden of establishing Cause and Effect



"Build it, and they will sue."

Types of Delay

Excusable/Compensable

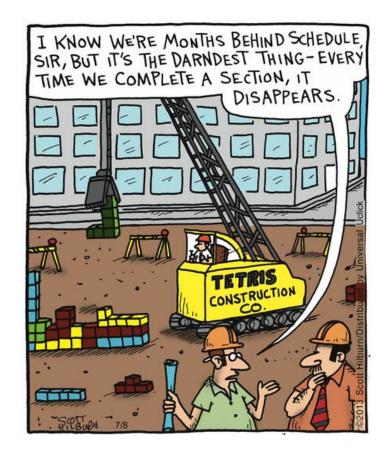
Time and Money

Excusable/Non-Compensable

Time but no money

Non-Excusable/Non-Compensable

No time and no money



Legal Considerations

The trigger for entitlement:

- Delay to Completion (i.e. critical path delay)
- Or delay in progress of the Works?

The test – contractual burden:

- "will be delayed"
- "might be delayed"
- "could be delayed"
- "is likely to be delayed"
- "is delayed"



Should the delay be assessed prospectively or retrospectively?

Is the entitlement fair and reasonable?

What methodology is called for? Fact-based, theoretical, or silent?

What is Excusable/Compensable under contract?

What is Excusable/Non-Compensable under contract?

What is Non-Excusable/Non-Compensable under contract?

What are notice requirements under contract to perfect claims?

- Timing of initial notice
- Is follow up notice or presentation of claim required
- Form and content of notice
- Service of notice
- Possible waiver of notice

Delay Methodologies

DELAY ANALYSIS METHODOLOGIES

| | Method of Analysis | Analysis Type | Critical Path Determined | Delay Impact Determined | Requires |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | Impacted As- Planned Analysis | Cause & Effect | Prospectively | Prospectively | Logic linked baseline programme. A selection of delay events to be modelled. |
| | Time Impact Analysis | Cause & Effect | Contemporaneously | Prospectively | Logic linked baseline programme. Update programmes or progress information with which to update the baseline programme. A selection of delay events to be modelled. |
| | Time Slice Windows Analysis | Effect & Cause | Contemporaneously | Retrospectively | Logic linked baseline programme. Update programmes or progress information with which to update the baseline programme. |
| | As-Planned versus As-Built Windows Analysis | Effect & Cause | Contemporaneously | Retrospectively | Baseline programme. As-built data. |
| | Retrospective Longest Path Analysis | Effect & Cause | Retrospectively | Retrospectively | Baseline Programme. As-built programme. |
| | Collapsed As- Built Analysis | Cause & Effect | Retrospectively | Retrospectively | Logic linked as-built programme. A selection of delay events to be modelled. |

Will be dependent upon:

- Contract Provisions
- Quality of available schedules (baseline and updates)
- Quality and reliability of available contemporaneous documents (i.e., daily reports, weekly reports, monthly reports, correspondence, meeting minutes, site diaries)
- Availability of key site personnel (interviews, depositions/witness statements)



Case Study – "Mala Suerte" Project

CASE STUDY: MALA SUERTE PROJECT

60 KM oil pipeline and refinery project in Mexico

Planned construction period from January 2010 through June 2012

2 critical paths in baseline schedule – through pipeline and refinery

Completion delayed 8 months (Actually completed Feb 2013)

Contract Clauses:

- "If and whenever it becomes reasonably apparent that the <u>progress of the Works</u> or any Sections <u>is being or is likely to be delayed</u> the Contractor shall forthwith give notice to the Architect/Contract Administrator of the material circumstances, including the cause or causes of the delay, and shall identify in the notice any event which in his opinion is a Relevant Event." *JCT 2011 Edition SBC with Quantities*
- Silent as to methodology

Liquidated Damages of \$50,000 per day

No EOTs granted during the Project

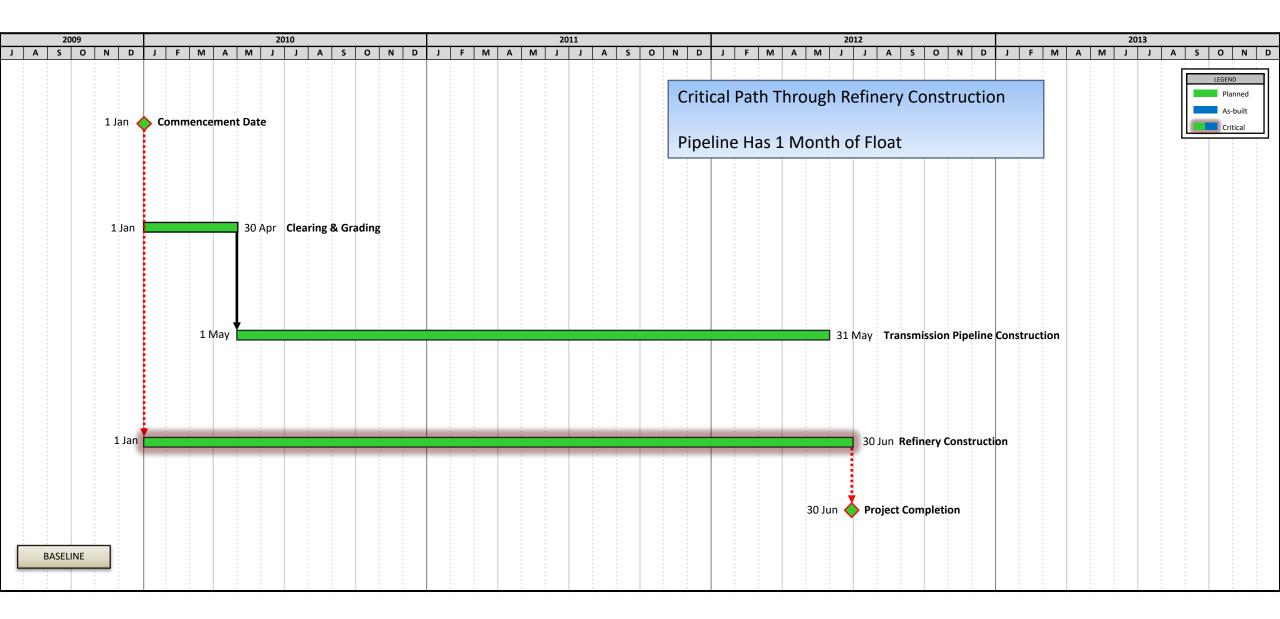
Key Questions for Counsel:

- Is Contractor due an EOT (if so, how long)?
- Is Contractor due prolongation damages (if so, for how many days/months)?
- Is Owner entitled to LDs (if so, for how many days/months)?

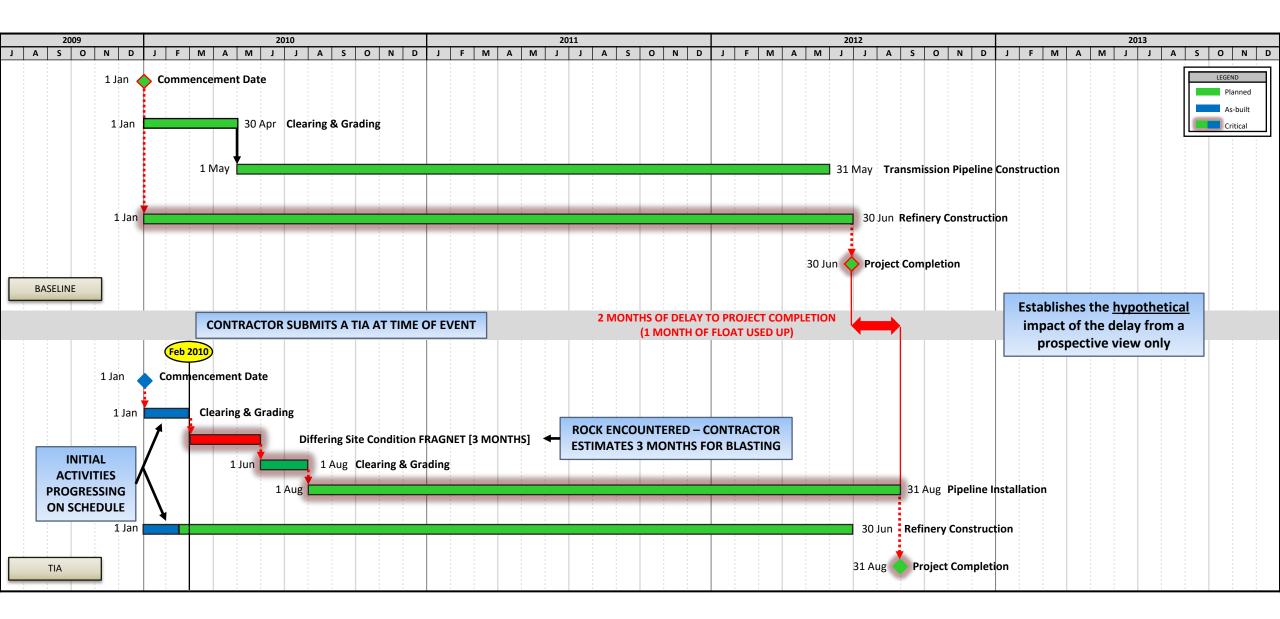
What will Counsel be looking for:

- Contract provisions
- Has compensable delay been demonstrated?
- Applicable law regarding notice and methodology for delay analysis

Baseline Schedule

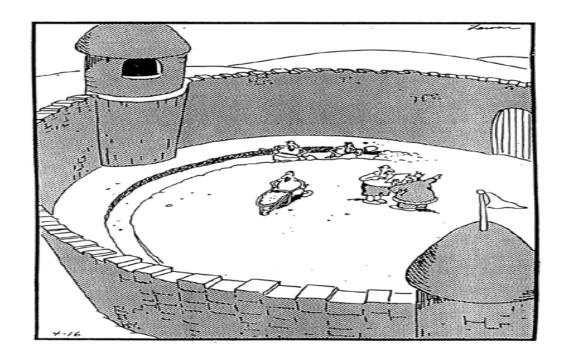


Contractor's TIA



Question – Is the Contractor entitled to an EOT of 3 months? [Excusable]

And 2 months of delay damages? [Compensable]



CONTRACT CLAUSE

What if the contract clause stated:

"The Contractor shall be entitled subject to Sub-Clause 20.1 [Contractor's Claims] to an extension of time for completion if and to the extent that **completion** for the purpose of Sub-Clause 10.1 [Taking-Over the Works and Sections] **is or will be delayed** by any of the following causes..."

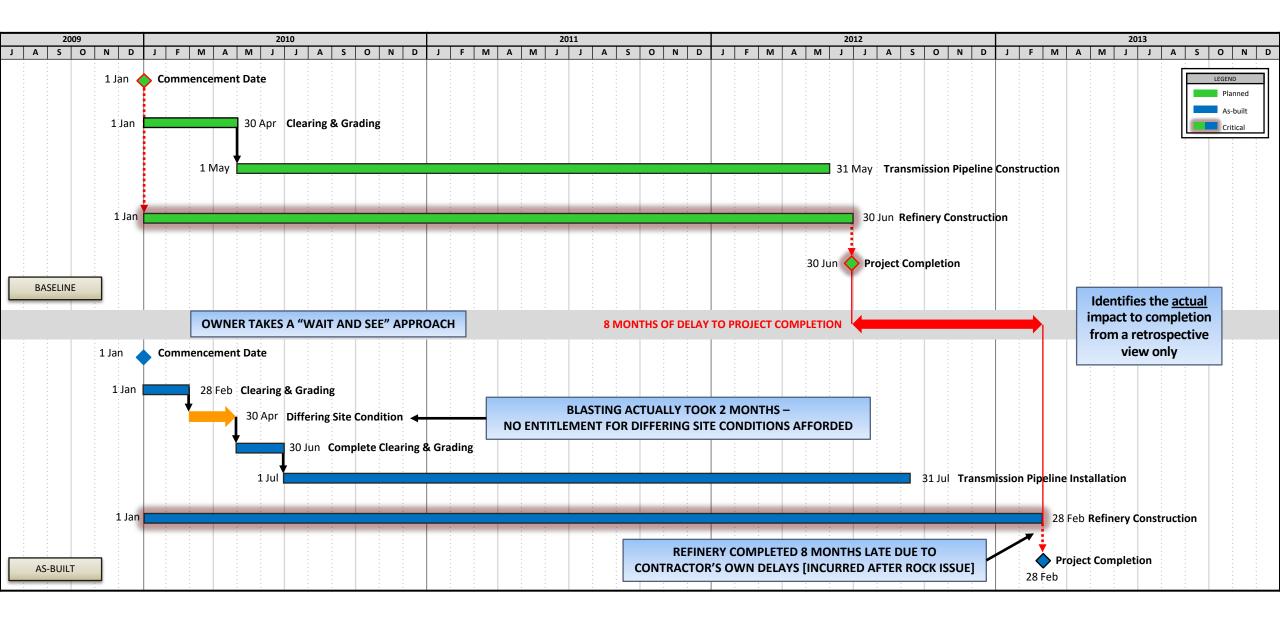
FIDIC Red Book Clause 8.4





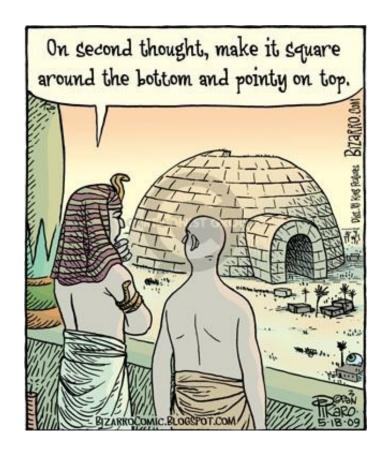


Owner's Retrospective As-Built Critical Path

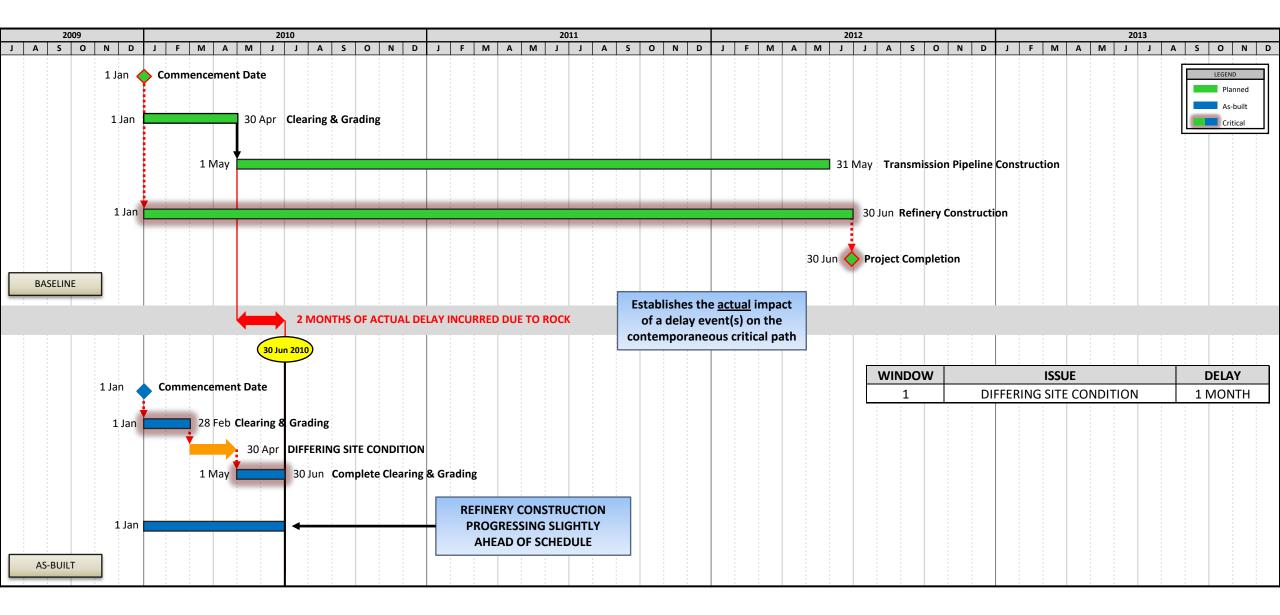


Question – Is the Owner entitled to 8 months of LDs?

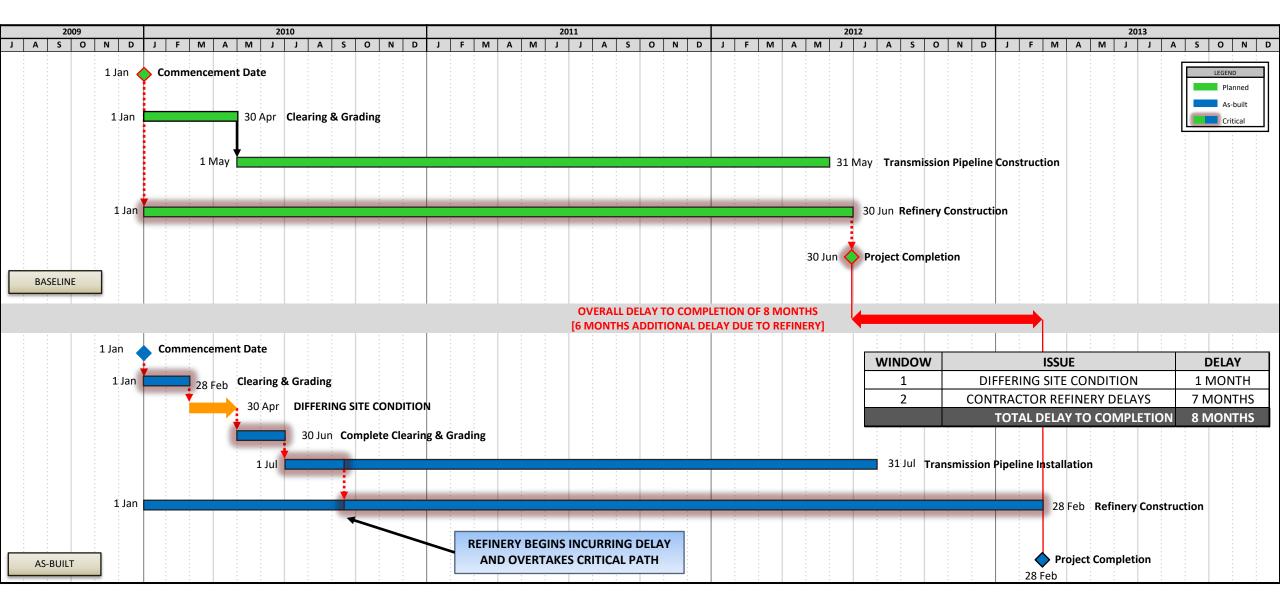
And the Contractor to nothing?



As-Planned vs As-Built – Window 1



As-Planned vs As-Built – Window 2



Question for Counsel:

Had the Contractor succeeded in getting an excusable EOT of 3 months with its TIA, would the Owner only be entitled to 5 months of LDs?



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Expert Instructions

EXPERT INSTRUCTIONS

- When should an expert be engaged?
- Defining scope of engagement (and avoiding scope creep)
- Setting expectations/budget
- Instructions to the expert
- Understanding venue of dispute and impact on expert role
- Providing necessary materials
- Credibility factors: Input and influence, coercion



